

EDUCATION BUSINESS

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TABLE OF CONTENTS



- 1 PRIVATE K-12 MARKET IN GEORGIA
- **2 EDUCATION BUSINESS**

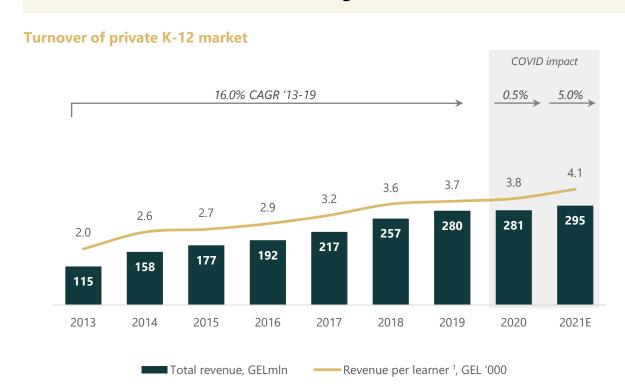
3 STRATEGY

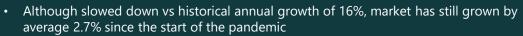
4 ANNEX

PRIVATE K-12 MARKET IN GEORGIA

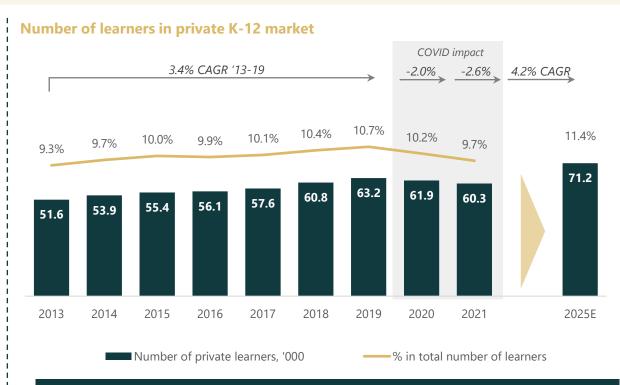


Private K-12 market saw moderate growth in value terms and declined in number of learners during the pandemic





• Market growth was driven by increase in average revenue per learner by 5.6% CAGR '19-21



- Number of learners fell for 2 consecutive years by average 2.3% vs. pre-pandemic annual growth of 3.4%
- 1st grader intakes fell by 8%, while II-XII graders churn to public schools increased 14x vs. pre-pandemic average

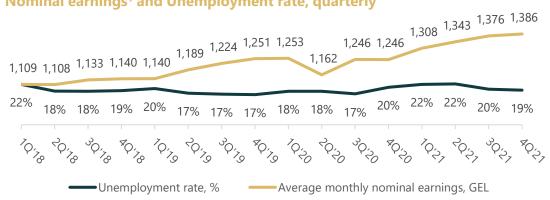
Source: Ministry of Education of Georgia, G&T, GCAP estimates

MARKET GROWTH DRIVERS



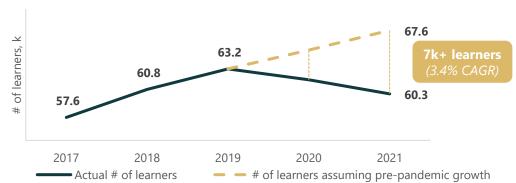
Nominal earnings & unemployment rate rebounding after **COVID** driven downturn

Nominal earnings¹ and Unemployment rate, quarterly



COVID impact recovery is expected to reflect in 7k+ learners moving from public to private schools in short-term

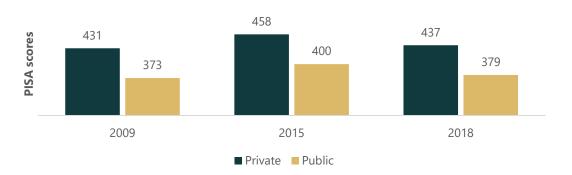
Covid impact adjusted K-12 market growth for 2020 and 2021



Source: Geostat, OECD, Ministry of Education of Georgia, G&T, GCAP estimates

Large gap in quality of public vs. private schools

PISA² study results in Georgia



Nominal earnings & unemployment rate rebounding after COVID driven downturn

- Average monthly nominal earnings have grown by 11.3% YoY in 4Q2021 vs. average 7.6% YoY pre-pandemic growth, reaching all time high
- Unemployment rate improved to 19% in 4Q2021 from its peak 22% in 1Q2021

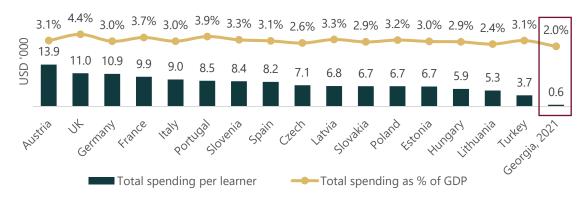
Large gap in quality of public vs. private schools

- Private schools outperformed public schools in Georgia in all the subjects tested by PISA
- Gap between private and public schools remains unchanged over the last 10+ years
- Georgia ranks significantly below OECD average 67th in math, 71st in reading and 74th in science (out of 78 countries)

MARKET GROWTH DRIVERS (CONT'D)

Demand on private education is trending globally, growth attributable to regions with lower spending on Education

Total spending on K-12 education, 2018



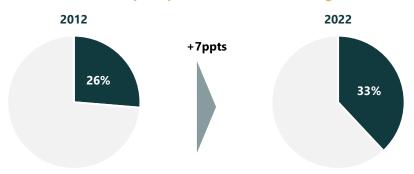
Private K-12 learners' share in total, 2020





Larger players gaining market share

Learners' market share of top 20 private schools in Georgia



High certainty organic growth through pre-agreed periodic contract renewals for existing learners

GCAP Education business actual vs. adjusted tuition revenue 2021-22 academic year - *excluding International segment*¹



Source: UNESCO, OECD, Ministry of Finance

EDUCATION BUSINESS OVERVIEW



We are the largest player in private K-12 market with 5% market share in Georgia

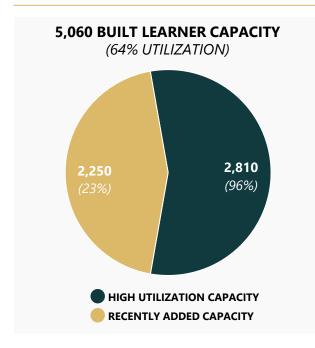
BUILT LEARNER CAPACITY

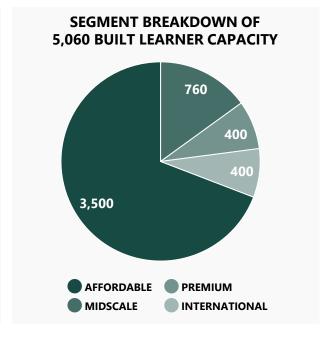
5,060

NUMBER OF CAMPUSES

BRANDS

NUMBER OF



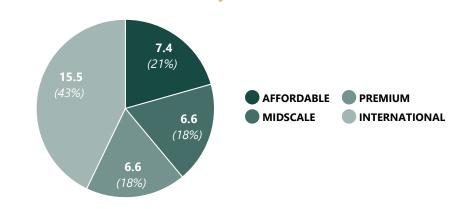


Diversified revenue streams through presence across 4 price segments





Revenue, 2021-2022 academic year, GELm



MAJOR DEVELOPMENTS IN 2021



Recently added capacity of 2,250 learners at 50% discount to replacement cost

1 ACQUISITION OF OPERATIONAL SCHOOL Georgian-Austrian School Pesvebi

LAUNCH OF A NEW
CAMPUS LOCATION
Green School Nadzaladevi

3 EXPANSION OF EXISTING OPERATIONAL CAMPUS¹ Green School Dighomi



PREMIUM SEGMENT

AFFORDABLE SEGMENT



AFFORDABLE SEGMENT



AFFORDABLE SEGMENT



	curriculum to International Baccalaureate (IB) curriculum f VII-XI grades					
•	IB is a global leader in					
	international education that offers					
	high quality educational					
	programmes to more than 1.95m					

Starting September 2022, BGA (premium segment school) will switch from current Georgian

- Additional built learner capacity

 1,200

 Ramp-up period²

 5-6 years

 Eventual learner capacity³

 1,500

 Investment per eventual learner capacity, GEL

 Estimated replacement cost per eventual learner capacity, GEL

 11,000
- 600 2-3 years 1,750 6,900 9,700
- 450
 2-3 years
 450
 3,700
 8,300
- Schools must be authorized to teach IB programmes. Currently, BGA is a candidate school pursuing authorization as an IB World School

learners aged 3 to 19

 Through introduction of IB curriculum, BGA's offering will be more tailored towards existing demand on the market

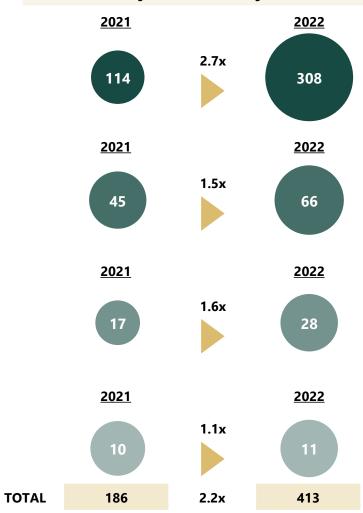
OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE







1st grader registrations for next academic year as of May 1st



FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE



Results: FY 2019, 2020 & 2021 - 1Q'21 & 1Q'22

All amounts in GEL '000	2019	2020	2021	Change CAGR 2019-'21	1Q'21	1Q′22	Change 1Q'21 vs. 1Q'22	Organic growth ¹ 1Q'21 vs. 1Q'22
Revenue	24,575	25,794	31,196	13%	7,436	10,803	45%	38%
EBITDA	7,264	8,348	10,106	18%	2,748	4,317	57%	56%
EBITDA margin, %	29.6%	32.4%	32.4%	3 ppts	37.0%	40.0%	+3 ppts	+5 ppts
Operating cash flow	9,590	7,877	11,881	11%	1,576	1,684	7%	5%
Net Debt	14,675	18,548	16,489	6%	17,329	16,246	-6%	-25%
Debt to LTM EBITDA	2.7x	3.0x	2.5x	-0.2x	3.0x	2.2x	-0.8x	-1.0x

[•] During the pandemic crisis, education business Revenue grew by 13% CAGR, while EBITDA grew by 18% CAGR with 3ppts EBITDA margin enhancement – organic growth being the main driver

[•] Strong performance continued in 2022 - 45% and 57% YoY growth in 1Q'22 Revenue and EBITDA respectively, with EBITDA margin enhancement of 3ppts

WHY WE LIKE THE EDUCATION BUSINESS







- Market turnover CAGR of 16% during prepandemic period 2013-19
- 2nd market player after GCAP holds <3% market share
- Top 20 schools gaining market share



2 Low dependency on the Government

- No regulations on tuition fees
- Government dependent Revenue for GCAP education business <2.5%



High resilience to crisis

- High growth demonstrated by GCAP schools during significant crisis for the sector creating substantial disruption in providing services
- Organic growth of 42% on EBITDA and 24% on Revenue during 2019-21 pandemic period



Predictable and sticky revenue

- Average customer lifetime of 10+ years
- Low churn of <4% per annuum
- High switching cost for customers



5 Strong profitability

- 35%+ EBITDA margin at currently operational campuses with high utilization capacity
- 110%+ EBITDA to cash conversion rate



6 CAPEX efficient business

- Simple infrastructure development process, staged in-line with utilization growth
- Maintenance CAPEX <3% of revenue



7 Positive ESG impact

- c.70% of learner capacity in Affordable segment – making high quality education accessible
- Investing in infrastructure improvement to create a safe and comfortable learning environment

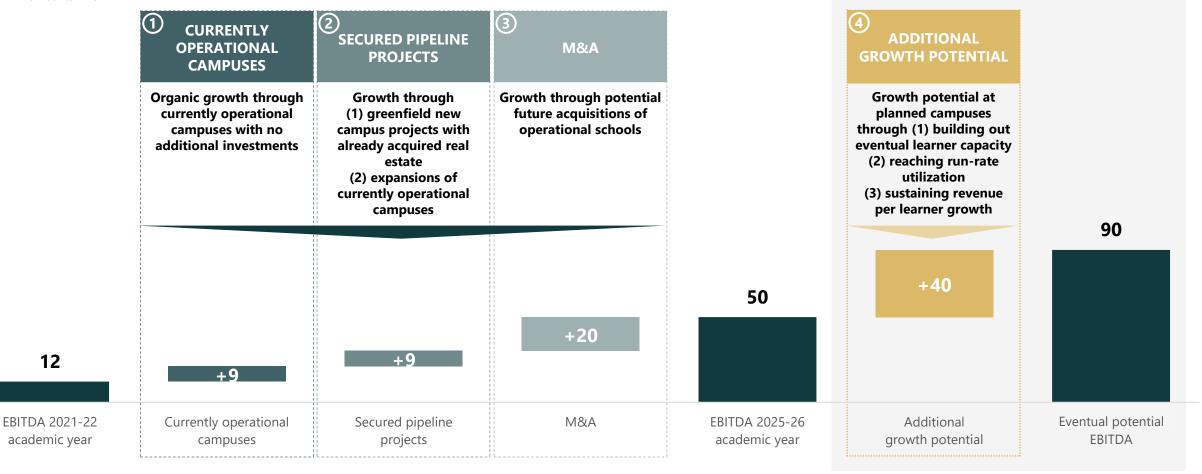
GROWTH DRIVERS



Education business EBITDA buildup

All amounts in GELm

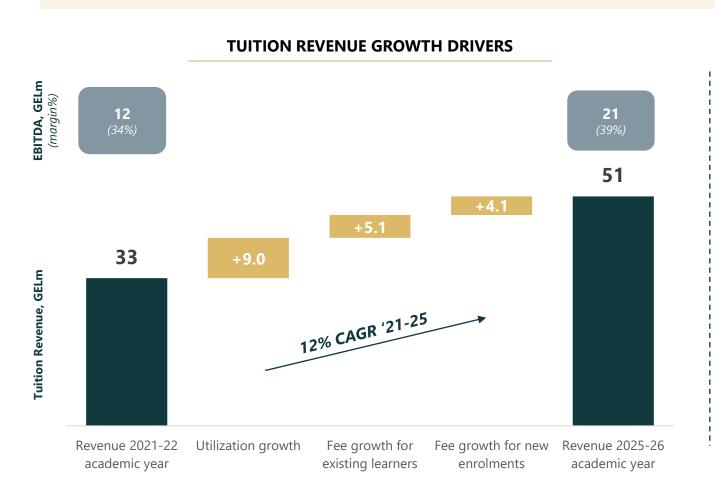
12



1. CURRENTLY OPERATIONAL CAMPUSES



Organic growth through currently operational campuses with no additional investments



	2021-22		2025-26
Built learner capacity	5,060	no change	5,060
Utilization rate	64%	+30 ppts	94%
EBITDA	GEL 12m	+GEL 9m	GEL 21m
Total investment	USD 30m	no change	USD 30m

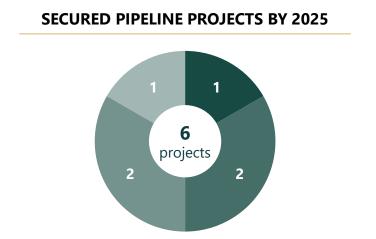
Revenue growth of 12% CAGR 2021-25 is driven by:

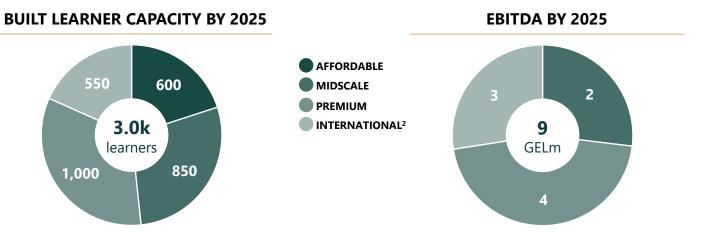
- **1. Utilization growth** increase in number of learners by c.1,500 mainly driven by ramp-up of recently launched campuses, growing utilization rate from current 64% to 94%
- **2. Fee growth for existing learners** enrolment fee growth via contract renewals for existing learners
- **3. Fee growth for new enrolments** *enrolment fee growth every 1-3 years depending on the segment*

2. SECURED PIPELINE PROJECTS



Growth through secured pipeline projects – greenfield new campus projects & expansions of currently operational campuses





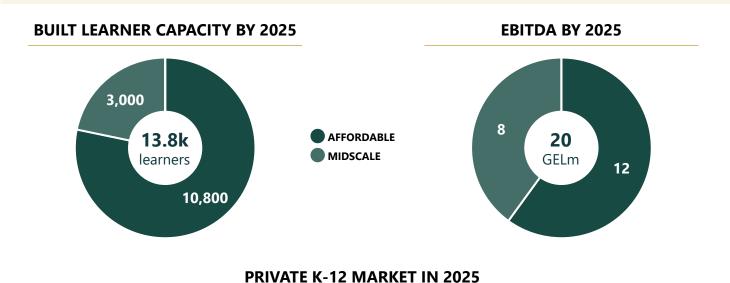
	2025-26
Built learner capacity	3,000
Utilization rate	38%
EBITDA	GEL 9m
Run-rate EBITDA	GEL 22m
Total investment	USD 34m ¹

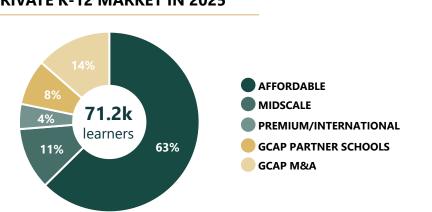
- 6 secured projects on already acquired real estate in pipeline by 2025 with total built learner capacity of 3,000
- Assuming average ramp-up period of 3-5 years, secured pipeline projects are expected to operate at average 38% utilization by 2025, generating GEL 9m EBITDA
- Total investment for secured pipeline projects is USD 34m

3. M&A



Growth through M&A – potential future acquisitions of operational schools





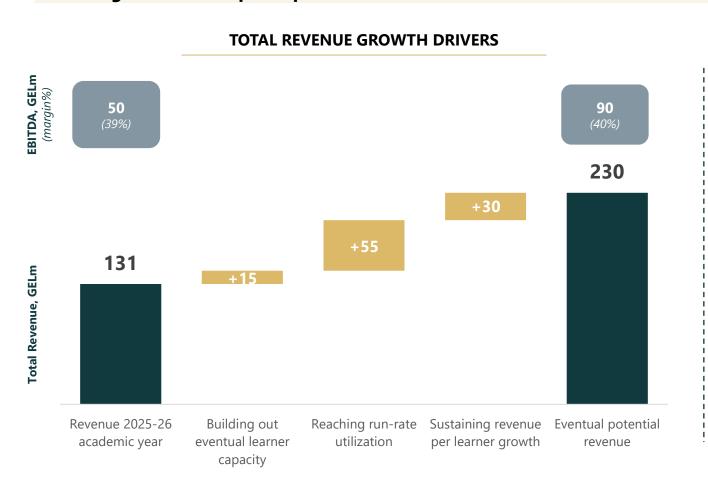
	2025-26
Built learner capacity	13,800
Utilization rate	70%
EBITDA	GEL 20m
Run-rate EBITDA	GEL 26m
Total investment	USD 36m ¹

- Targeting total built learner capacity of 13.8k by 2025 translating into additional 14% market share acquisition
- EBITDA generated through future potential M&A GEL 20m
- Total investment for potential M&A is USD 36m

4. ADDITIONAL GROWTH POTENTIAL



Additional growth potential through building out eventual learner capacity, reaching run-rate utilization and sustaining revenue per learner growth at campuses planned for 2025



	2025-26		Eventual potential
Built learner capacity	21,860	+2,300	24,160
Utilization rate	71%	+19 ppts	90%
EBITDA	GEL 50m	+GEL 40m	GEL 90m

The real estate of currently operational campuses, secured pipeline projects and M&A, planned to be part of Education business by 2025, has additional potential of 80% EBITDA enhancement driven by:

- **1. Building out eventual learner capacity** *Increased learner capacity from 22k by 2025 to 24k*
- **2**. **Reaching run-rate utilization** *Increased utilization from 71% by 2025 to 90%*
- 3. Sustaining revenue per learner growth Avg. revenue per learner growth by 3-5% annually

STRATEGY



TARGETING FOR 2025...

Equity ValueGEL 0.5bln

Currently: GEL 135mln

EBITDA margin 40%+

Currently: 35%+

ROIC 20%+

Currently: 20%+

4 Ramp-up of new capacity
3-5 years

...THROUGH

REMAINING GCAP NEW EQUITY INVESTMENT	24 USD million	BUILT LEARNER CAPACITY	22 thousand	EBITDA 50 GEL millio	on
TOTAL REMAINING INVESTMENT, in USDm	60	TOTAL BUILT LEARNER CAPACITY, in thousands	21.9	TOTAL EBITDA, in GELm	50
Debt	18	Currently operational campu	uses 5.1	Currently operational campuses	21
Equity	42	Secured pipeline projects	3.0	As of 2021-22 academic year	12
Reinvestment	15	M&A	13.8	Organic growth	9
GCAP new equity investme	ent 24		10.0	Secured pipeline projects	9
Minority equity investment 3		Out of 22k capacity: 14.9k Affor Midscale; 1.9k Premium; 0.6k Inte		M&A	20

- With new equity investment of USD 24m GCAP can expand to 22k learner capacity and generate GEL 50m EBITDA by 2025 through: (1) currently operational campuses (2) secured pipeline projects and (3) M&A
- Out of USD 24m new equity investment, USD 21m is attributable to M&A and USD 3m is attributable to investments in secured pipeline projects with operational schools
- In addition to USD 24m new equity investment by GCAP, growth will be financed through, reinvestments, debt, and equity contribution by minorities total remaining investment for Education business is USD 60m

KEY TAKEAWAYS



1

RESILIENT SECTOR

Continued sector growth despite a significant crisis – economic slowdown and substantial disruption to providing services during the pandemic

2

EXPECTED HIGH GROWTH

Strong economic recovery expected to reflect in accelerated growth - historical growth rate c. 2x nominal GDP; Better infrastructure and academic results at private vs. public schools; Low government spending and private education penetration

3

STRONG PERFORMANCE

Double digit CAGR on Revenue and EBITDA level during the pandemic; number of learners grew by 25%

4

GEORGIA CAPITAL IS WELL-POSITIONED TO CAPITALIZE ON THE OPPORTUNITY

3 best in-class management teams with excellent track record of success, operating across wide range of price segments; 5 brands with solid reputation – outperformed the market 4x+



ANNEX

GCAP PARTNER SCHOOLS



AFFORDABLE





MIDSCALE





PREMIUM



INTERNATIONAL



FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS



This presentation contains forward-looking statements, including, but not limited to, statements concerning expectations, projections, objectives, targets, goals, strategies, future events, future revenues or performance, capital expenditures, financing needs, plans or intentions relating to acquisitions, competitive strengths and weaknesses, plans or goals relating to financial position and future operations and development. Although Georgia Capital PLC believes that the expectations and opinions reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, no assurance can be given that such expectations and opinions will prove to have been correct. By their nature, these forward-looking statements are subject to a number of known and unknown risks, uncertainties and contingencies, and actual results and events could differ materially from those currently being anticipated as reflected in such statements. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in forward-looking statements, certain of which are beyond our control, include, among other things: regional instability; impact of COVID-19; regulatory risk across a wide range of industries; investment risk; liquidity risk; portfolio company strategic and execution risks; currency fluctuations, including depreciation of the Georgian Lari, and macroeconomic risk; and other key factors that could adversely affect our business and financial performance, which are contained elsewhere in this presentation and in our past and future filings and reports and also the 'Principal Risks and Uncertainties' included in Georgia Capital PLC's Annual Report and Accounts 2021. No part of this presentation constitutes, or shall be taken to constitute, an invitation or inducement to invest in Georgia Capital PLC or any other entity and must not be relied upon in any way in connection with any investment decision. Georgia Capital PLC and other entities undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statements, whether